SAN FRANCISCO

the Unfortunate!

DR. GIBBON'S DISPENSARY

Kearny street,

SEMINAL WEAKNESS

CURED AT HOME

UNDERTAKERS.

JOHN GARNOLD

VERY & GARNOLD

uet Makers & Undertakers

DEALERS IN

lic & Wooden Coffins, Caskets, Cases

and all kinds of Undertakers Goods

inds of CABINET WORK made to order

Furniture Repaired

Washington and Second sts Portland, Ogn.

HORATIO COOKE

UNDERTAKER,

Dealer in Undertakers' Goods,

ond St., bet. Washington and Stark

Portland, Oregon P O Box

ate Treasurer's Fourth Notice.

ate Treasurer's Third Notice.

E CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF

n for the county of Multnomah—Ed

Jones plaintiff vs Andrew Snider de-

To Andrew Snider defendant In the

f the State of Oregon you are hereby re-

to appear and answer the complaint filed

you in the above entitled action within

from the date of the service of this sum-

you if served within this county or if

in any other county of this State, then

twenty days from the date of the service of

mons upon you and if you fail to ap-

I want thereof the plaintiff will take judg-

ainst you for the sum of $ with interest

rom the 1st day of January A D 1878 and

wrongfully taken from the plaintiff in

ession and he will have the sum of

the value thereof with interest from the

rate of ten per cent per annum from the

1st of March A D 1878 and damages

ed by order of the Hon [illegible] Judge of

Court and order dated December 27th

Attorney for Plaintiff Date of first publica-

January 4th 1878

GIBBS DENNISON & BELDING

Attorneys for Plaintiff

ENTS FOR THE OREGONIAN

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XVII.—NO. 301 PORTLAND, OREGON: SATURDAY JANUARY 26, 1878. PRICE—TEN CENTS

GENERAL NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.

Poisoner on Trial

OMAHA, Jan 25—An inquiry into the poisoning case in Fremont, Neb Dr George with the murder of his wife by strychnine was begun to-day The case has excited much interest The wife died in June last in her sixth confinement Circumstances that led to suspicion was deemed sufficient to warrant the arrest of this action the stomach and liver were sent to Chicago for examination by analysis of well known expert who it is said found four grains of arsenic in the liver of the deceased, and is prepared to swear to the case. Nearly all the doctors of Fremont have also been subpoenaed as witnesses The result is awaited with much interest

Dr St Louis was on private business

Mrs Boomer and Mrs Brown were arrested on the charge of the way

A Hellish Deed.

Mary Ellen O'Sullivan enticed into a notorious den and there by a negro, assisted by two white The victim's screams brought aid and the negro escaped His accomplices were

Road Agent Arrested

Jan 25—Last night Sheriff arrested George Healey in a Dead Healey was identified as one of the party of road agents that infested the Oregon route last summer

WASHINGTON CITY

Matthews' Resolution Passed

WASHINGTON, Jan 25—The senate by a vote of yeas 43 nays 22 passed the concurrent resolution of Matthews declaring that all bonds of the United States issued or hereafter to be issued are payable, principal and interest, at the option of the government of the United States in silver dollars of the coinage of the United States, containing 4121 grains of standard silver, and that to restore to its original use silver coins as a legal tender for the payment of said bonds principal and interest violation of public faith, nor would it be a violation of the rights of public creditors.

The Utah Election Law.

WASHINGTON, Jan 25—The sub committee of the committee on territories yesterday heard Judge Hemingway for two hours upon the election law of Utah section of the act approved and passed by the Gentiles and contains provisions with those of the bill reported by the committee Delegate Cannon will address the committee next Monday. The objects of the bill are to secure a secret ballot to the people of Utah, repeal the act of the territorial legislature granting suffrage to women of the territory, disfranchise polygamists

Mormon Men before the Committee.

The judiciary committee this morning heard arguments on the Texas Pacific Mr Storrs, for the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, contended that the company had not completed its railroad as required, and it was now compelled to take measures to secure its speedy completion. This could be more effectually done by granting authority to the Southern Pacific Company to continue on east to the Rio Grande, El Paso and the transfer of so much of the former land grant as it should be necessary to build. He also claimed that the company had no right to build a road in California, not having the assent of that state. He also contended that the Southern Pacific had a right to construct its road to the Colorado river and the Pacific coast if it had not

The Town of Sitting Bull's Raid

NEW YORK, Jan 25.—The *Herald's* Washington special says the secretary of war, in response to an inquiry made by Commissioner Colman of the Indian Bureau stated that up to noon this evening he had received no information of the reported movement of Sitting Bull across the border Neither army officers nor any two officials of the territories in whom he has any confidence in the dispatch from Bismarck

Death of Capt. Stewart

WASHINGTON, Jan 25—Captain Frederick Stewart died this morning of pneumonia He was a member of the scientific corps that accompanied Captain Wilkes to the South Sea expedition, and a conspicuous Odd Fellow

Postal Savings Banks.

Representative Waddell to day introduced a bill to establish and maintain national postal deposits as a branch of the postoffice department, referred to the committee on commerce to be called Postal Savings Banks

An Alaskan Bill.

Bill introduced by Senator Cameron of Wisconsin, to authorize the killing of fur seal and other fur bearing animals within the limits of Alaska territory authorizes the secretary of the treasury with the approval of the president to prescribe regulations and grant privileges to any persons or corporations desiring to engage in the above mentioned business on the islands of St Paul and St George, and provided also that the Alaska fur seal Co shall not be permitted to obtain further leases or privileges under this act It provides that in return for the privileges granted there should be paid into the treasury one per centum of the appraised value of the skins taken together with any other royalties that may be agreed upon

The Mexican Award Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25—The bill reported to the house of representative Wilson from the committee on foreign affairs providing for the appointment of the Mexican awards auditor creates the office of secretary of state to receive all papers relating to Mexico, and to distribute from time to time such ratable proportions to those to whom awards have been awarded It provides that nothing in the act shall be construed as giving to the president and secretary of state any authority in connection with any application by the Mexican government for the consideration of any particular claim or claims wherein awards against Mexico have been made nor from the moves or proof any alleged frauds or perjury in the prosecuting said awards, or from suspending payments of such particular claims pending such negotiations may be had between the United States and Mexico

Investigation of Postal Affairs.

The house committee on postoffices to-day authorized Waddell chairman and a committee to investigate the postoffice department, and to report the result of such investigation to the full committee

National Museum.

The house committee on public buildings and grounds to day agreed to report favorably a bill for the construction on a lot free of charge to the Smithsonian grounds to be used as a national museum appropriating therefor $500,000.

Appointed Consul

The president sent the following nominations to the senate Frank Leland consul of the United States, at Hamilton Ontario

Proposed Timber Land Bill

The house committee on public lands heard all the terest parties in behalf of their various bills for the sale of timber lands The committee decided to report a bill authorizing the commissioner of the general land office to appoint agents for the sale of timber lands in the states and territories of the Pacific coast The recommendation of the commissioner of the general land office that the timber lands be not converted into public domain subject to entry under the homestead laws, but that they be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, and that the proceeds be applied to the payment of the expenses of the surveyor general's offices, the commissioner was heard in favor of the measure, the main features of which are embodied in the bill now before them

The deepest and most artesian well in the world is at Paris. This well has reached a depth of 1,798 feet. The water rises from it in a stream 26 inches in diameter, and flows at the rate of 181 cubic feet per minute, or 1,800 gallons of water daily The boring until a depth of 1,300 feet was obtained

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate

WASHINGTON, Jan 25—In the senate to-day the bill to amend the act making further provision for the redemption of the public debt was discussed at length Sherman opposed the bill as a step backward in the direction of inflation and a departure from the principle of the act of 1875 which provided for the resumption of specie payments Thurman argued in favor of the bill Sherman replied Thurman closed the debate in favor of the bill Edmunds moved to amend by striking out the provision for the issue of silver certificates Pending the vote the senate took a recess until 8 o'clock this evening

Jones of Nevada said that there was hard times but Edmunds said congress was overwhelmed by petitions for relief from financial distress He argued to show that congress was steadily progressing with few backward steps towards a widening in the value of gold and silver and a simple act would equalize these standards

Jones interrupted asking if gold and silver were not near together in 1853 and less than in 1873 and 1878 And if all the troubles of 1837 were not attributable to a removal by General Jackson of the deposits (?)

Edmunds impatiently announced that many speakers made all night speeches for the Civil times than as now If the law makers discovered that silver or gold could in the made value by legal enactment of statutes Enactment of statutes did not change them If the nation was going to stand on the letter of the law then why not pay the bonds Coppers 2 cents were in the mill silver dimes were in coin There was part of the law which could according to the letter of the law be paid in silver Every interest coupon is payable in gold and silver

Edmunds said the letter and spirit of the law differed The government would in fact pay in addition to the obligation to pay in the statutes all literally The honest import of the pledge was that the bonds would be paid in gold

Matthews spoke from Edmunds's space in 1867 to 1873 affected that the bonds were payable in gold and silver

Edmunds said the silver question was then of no possible moment Then the silver dollar was worth 3 per cent Answering Blaine's question he said the government was as much bound to pay the small coupons in gold as the larger ones He argued that the act demonetizing silver was undertaken by establishing gold as the unit of value

Edmunds's amendment to Matthews resolution providing for the payment of bonds in gold and declaring any other course a violation of public faith was rejected 41 to 18

Matthews resolution declaring that government bonds are legally equitably payable in silver as universally regarded as an expat indication of the vote that will be recorded on the passage of the pending silver bill in the senate reported from the finances committee which bill will be remembered makes no exception of government bonds or coupons dues from the untinted tender power of the silver dollar 44 senators voted in favor of Matthews resolution and 22 against Assuming that Sharon will be absent when the final vote is taken on the silver bill and making allowance to-day's the totals of which are above indicated it would seem to be certain that no more than 7 votes will be cast against the silver bill, that at least 48 senators will be recorded in its favor This number lacks on any two votes of being a two thirds majority and in case Sharon should not arrive and in case Mitchell should be considered doubtful should also vote for the silver bill there would be one more than a two thirds majority The other Western senators who voted or were paired against the silver propositions to-day are Gorham Hamlin Mitchell Wadleigh Paddock and Christiancy

Morrill then spoke on his amendment declaring it would be detrimental to those commercial interests of the country to pay the bonds in silver Jones and Matthews replied Sherman briefly damned the Sherman Bureau stated that up to the present writing this evening only had received no information of the reported movement of Sitting Bull across the border Neither army officers nor any two officials of the territories in whom he has any confidence in the dispatch from Bismarck

Morrill's amendment was rejected 41 to 19

House.

By a vote of 156 to 108 the house went into committee of the whole on the bill extending the time for the withdrawal of distilled spirits in bond until July 1st Several bills on calendar were set aside for the purpose

Tucker explained the bill and said it was a question whether the house should raise revenue from distilled spirits or whether it should be left to the manufacture of whisky They were the best article which lay the people could get and right to be taxed

Hiscock said also in favor of the bill Although opposing it he felt as one of the tax payers that he was willing to pay his share of the taxes which the country needed from day to day

Wilson of West Virginia spoke in favor of the bill to enable the people to make up an income tax

Hale said the question could not be made up by an income tax

Hale said every product had an article now taxed Were we risky in making a raise off in those articles tenfold real estate three years ago

Tucker said the country would learn with surprise of the action on the part of the house by which they had increased the taxation of the people of the country

Blaine said this was simply to take from the treasury several millions which the country needed from day to day

Wilson of West Virginia spoke in favor of the bill to enable the people to make up

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING JAN 25 1878

AMERICAN LITERATURE

[illegible]

AMERICAN COMMERCE

A pamphlet recently published by the Appletons presents a clear and succinct account of the extent to which American keels have been superseded by foreign bottoms in the carrying trade of this country during the last twenty years. A tabulated statement shows that while the tonnage of American vessels of the ports of the United States has decreased from 5,021,285 in 1860 to 4,711,949 in 1877 foreign tonnage in the same ports has increased during the same period from 2,338,911 to 12,218,866. These figures show that in 1860 American vessels engaged in the ocean carrying trade of this country exceeded foreign by 2,682,374 tons and in 1877 foreign vessels exceeded American by 7,506,410 tons. This is a prodigious change. So startling a revolution necessarily has great effect on national prosperity. On one shoe it is charged directly to the maintenance of high tariffs during the last sixteen years and on the other it is asserted that a commercial decline has been compensated by growth of manufacturing industry. The dispute between advocates of these opposing theories is endless, and each produces a vast array of facts in support of their respective positions. But there is a consideration top little noted in the discussion. It should be observed that one cause and a leading one why our commercial marine has declined during the last twenty years is the fact that the energies of the country have been so largely devoted to the development of internal trade. Capital which once sought investment on the Atlantic seaboard in the promotion of foreign commerce has been directed toward the west seeking greater profits in the construction and operation of railroads and in opening the great resources of new sections of country. There can be no doubt that it has resulted in the creation of a vastly greater aggregate of wealth than if this line of development had been left untouched and capital had employed its energies and efforts mainly in competition for control of foreign trade. But as soon as the great interior shall have reached a certain stage of its development capital will turn again for employment to the seaboard and, owing to the nature of our western enterprises this is likely to be witnessed ere long.

THE HOUSE COMMITTEE

If the New York *Tribune* advices be correct, the sub committee of the House on Pacific railroads has resolved on a plan for extension of the grant to the Northern Pacific on conditions which ignore bonds or Mr Huntington's forked bill. Something like the plan outlined in the dispatch is the only way at this time to insure the construction of a railroad to the northwest. Everybody would realize at once that the road would have a full share as well as the Northern Pacific brothers in the business which will take place to the new cities of Washington Territory, and the interest on their debt would be met with the same promptness as on the west end. The [illegible]

The [illegible]

IN COMMITTEE

Among the [illegible] were [illegible] some ten days since was the following from Washington City, which gives an account of the first meeting of the house committee to consider the Northern Pacific grant:

[illegible] committee [illegible] Mr Hunt [illegible] Mr Hunt [illegible] and Dr Blagg [illegible] Wilmarth of Massachusetts [illegible] Mr Williams [illegible] Mr Hunt [illegible] Mr Williams [illegible] Mr Hunt [illegible] Mr Williams [illegible] Mr Hunt

TION AND COMMISSION

SCAR KILBOURN.

N AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

orner First and Front Streets.

r Sale Days, Wednesdays and Saturdays

PECHANDISE FURNITURE REAL ESTATE

Merchandise Furniture etc

ral assortment of Merchandise at private

WANTS.

SITUATION WANTED

NG MAN JUST ARRIVED IN PORTLAND

I [illegible] ... engagement as

bookkeeper or clerk in a bank or

to act as agent ... salary ...

Portland ... HARDING

WANTED

LEFTENANDREE TABLE LADY TO

... [illegible] ... and ... real child

dress ... Portland ...

WANTED

IN EACH TOWN IN FARMERS

... day ... OLMSTEAD No ... Park ...

con street ... West Park ...

WANTED

T CLASS CHEESE MAKER GOOD REP

... required ... particulars apply to

... BURRELL CO Portland Oregon

the undersigned at the place ... Details

... HONG

TO LET.

FOR RENT

ARGE AND COMMODIOUS HOUSE FOR

... and Morrison streets partially fur

... be seen from 11 A M to 4 P M ... Fo

... corner of Eighth and Morrison ...

FOR RENT

ITS OR FURNISHED ROOMS ON COR

... and Columbia sts ...

RNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

NE STREET BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD

able for Boarding House

MRS N BOGGS

FOR RENT,

ONVENIENT OFFICES on FIRST FLOOR

... at No 9 First street Mulkey's Block

TO RENT

SHED ROOMS CALL AT THIS OF

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE

F RECENTLY BUILT CENTRALLY

... containing ten rooms with bathroom

... set and ...

FOR SALE

WNER HAVING THE STATE WILL

... a low price two full Blocks of one acre

... good house and improvements will be

... allows to Portland Price $2200 Terms

... apply to M Post office box 81 Portland

FOR SALE

TAM DRUG STORE DOING A GOOD

... description business in a thriving interior

Oregon For terms and particulars call

ress HODGE DAVIS & CO Jamestown

FOR SALE.

RES OF IMPROVED LAND 8 MILES

... below Portland on the Willamette river

... acres timber land 80 acres grass land

... under fence a good barn and four

... and ten acres in cultivation Terms

... 500 cash balance in two or three years

... cent. interest. For further particulars

EDWARD LOOMIS at John Gregory's

... the Loomis place ... or ... mile ... from ...

... Jan 22 d1m ... 1878

LOOK HERE! PUBLIC SALE!

S YOUR CHANCE TO INVEST IN ONE

... best Business properties in the city of

Oregon I will sell at public auction on

... day of January at 2 P M my bricks and

buildings adjoining on the corner of Ferry

... and Sixth streets Albany Terms of sale—one

... balance in one and two years with in

... interest per annum Title perfect

SAMUEL MILLER

... January 10 1878 ... d

CHEAP HOMESTEADS

UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED A

... number of Lots and Blocks in Section

... to East Portland am ... great sacrifice

... red to dispose of the same at a very low

... terms to suit purchasers This property

... desirably and eligibly situated for Home

... ding which cannot be ... Terms—

... Cent Ferry and in a very healthful location

... culars apply to W F ALLEN

... dson's hardware store 1 street East Port

... gon d172dkwtm

Iron Flouring Mills

FOR SALE

UNDERSIGNED OWNERS OF THE

... able Mills desiring to make a change in

... sell all or one half of the Lebanon Flour

... with Warehouse and Feed Exchange for sale

... favorable to the purchaser For good lo

... stronage and water franchise it is to

... the State Built of best material and

... with the latest Improved Machinery

... particulars terms and interviews at

... EJ KINS BROTHERS

... & Irvin reference Portland

... Oregon Jan 14 18 8 ... jan14 6 mo

PRIVATE BOARDING.

PRIVATE BOARDING

SHED ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT

... Inquire on second bet Madison and

... corp Congregational Church ...

MONEY TO LOAN.

OLD COIN! GOLD COIN!

TO $8000 EIGHT TO NINE THOUS

... and Dollars to be secured by first real

... ty property will be loaned in sums and

$1000 on reasonable terms Apply to

WM STRONG Dekum & Bidlingmaier

MISCELLANEOUS.

CAUTION.

ERSONS ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST

... ding a certain Certificate of Deposit of

... of British Columbia No 32—for $1000 in

... M Ebbitt Payment has been stopped

... rtificate ... ja2dw3t

SOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP

THE UNDERSIGNED FIRM KNOWN AS

... dy & Cason contractors have this day

... by mutual consent

W W CASON

878 1 3dtf MATTHEW BRADY

SEWING MACHINE REPAIRING

HARRY IS READY TO REPAIR ALL

... of Sewing Machin ...

... thing and all kinds of fine Machinery

... Yamhill street near Second ... jan9 1m

NOTICE

WIFE ELIZABETH BRADY HAVING

... my bed and board without just cause or

... I forbid all persons trusting her as I

... responsible for any debts contracted of

... ja22 6t HOYT & BRADY

CANYON CREEK LAUNDRY

... S—Leming's Cigar store ... Wilson

... block Washing promptly returned and

... guaranteed ...

F. JANION & CO.

IMPORTERS AND

mission Merchants.

AGENTS FOR LLOYD'S

... FOR SALE AT WHOLESALE PRICES

... PE & CORDAGE plain and tarred

... NS ...

... NTS ALE pints and quarts

... Kelly & Co's ALE and PORTER

... ts and quarts

... STOUT pints

... SEGIN ... and Cognac & Scotch Whiskey

... ey, Martell and ... Brandies

... LANDIES, in case and bulk

... WHISKY, in case and bulk

... & Co's GRAND VIN ROYAL

... AMPAGNE pints and quarts

... DE CHAMPAGNE pints & quarts

... SHERRIES and PORT WINES

... Rhine, Maraschino &c

... LINENS DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS

... S, DRESS GOODS &c

... POWDER and CLEARS

... SHINES, CHAIN and ... BLANDS

... BROWNS

... PAINTS and VARNISHES

... WHITE LEAD and ZINC

... DE OF ZINC and SPELTER

... OVE SACKS BURLAPS and

... INK

... IRON, assorted sizes

... AUCEPANS and COVERS

... Nos 1 2 3, and ...

... COAL Nos ...

PER & KNAPP.

ARCHITECTS,

Mechanics' Building First street

... between Morrison and ...

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING JAN 26 1878

CITY

MARINE DISASTER The ship [illegible] which was lost in the Straits of San Francisco yesterday was built in 1869 and finished in November of that year She had a register capacity of 1350 tons She was built at Addison Maine by D Wyman for dimensions are length on deck 200 feet keel 24 feet she had a depth of hold 22 feet was a wooden vessel built of spruce and jackmatack with copper and iron fastenings She was commanded on her last voyage by Capt Wyman, her model was F The Master of the ship mentioned in our dispatches of yesterday as having experienced extraordinary heavy weather on the passage from Portland to Queenstown has not been built more than two years and has made two trips to England with cargoes of wheat from the Columbia river to San Francisco on both she was a favorite with Capt McAllep Although the ship has been saved though at latest advices her fate seemed to be very doubtful Besides her late cargo of wheat the Western Shore was probably worth at least $60,000.

HOW SHE SOLD HIM — One evening recently a number of ladies and gentlemen passed several hours pleasantly at a certain residence [illegible] was given for a lady [illegible] widow by the name of [illegible] who was to depart that very night for [illegible] A certain disciple of Aesculapius [illegible] entertaining a fancy to the widow during the evening took advantage of an opportunity to [illegible] the address of the lady A young attendant hearing the request made saw a chance to play a joke on the doctor and in a whisper told the lady to write the name of a certain widow residing in this city on the [illegible] (the doctor) is particularly sweet This was done, and without observing or thinking for a moment of the trick practiced the doctor placed the card in his pocket book, and [illegible] himself a fine time Some days after a few friends among the number the lady to the truck happened at the residence of the dealer in physics and during the conversation reference was made to the absent widow With this the doctor remarked [illegible] sure enough, she gave me her address which I had forgotten to examine I will get Returning with it he handed it to one of the company who read it aloud greatly to the consternation of the doctor and amusement of those present.

THE FACTS GIVEN —Our agent at Hillsboro writing from that point under date of January 24th sends the following statement concerning the reported case of smallpox there The writer says Here are the facts—Mrs. Kirkwood in company two weeks ago a Miss Kirkwood in room [illegible] from Yamhill county to her brother's [illegible] Last Saturday or Sunday she was taken sick Her brother Dr Kirkwood fearing [illegible] might prove a case of smallpox notified persons not to visit his house until the case was determined The town board on Monday directed Dr J A Bailey to examine the patient and report to them on Thursday The doctor reported in substance that the patient did not have the smallpox so far as he was able to judge at that time that it might possibly prove a case but it was hardly probable The city dads think best to continue for awhile yet to stringent enforce the rules of the health ordinance Although the doctors after consultation decided to close the school continue As we from this case Hillsboro has not had a case of smallpox since 1860—the wife of John Blish and at present time knows of no case within [illegible] of the town

PERSECUTION —Last evening Turn Halle was suddenly made the scene of merriment, during the regular evening for rehearsal of the singing section of the Turn Verein Singing was suspected by Prof Schinger their leader Taking advantage of the usual intermission, Capt. Brown the chairman of the section, stepped forward and with a neat little speech presented the Professor in behalf of the singing section of the Turn Verein with a beautiful baton, mounted with gold bearing the inscription, Presented to Prof Schoninger by the S S of the T V S [illegible] Schoninger thus upon a signal [illegible] and [illegible] were hurried in and refreshments were set before [illegible] The Professor having by this time recovered from his surprise responded in a very becoming manner Toasts were then [illegible] songs suiting to the occasion and speeches made by several present The gift is indeed beautiful, and was made by I C Henriksen & Co

OPEN TEMPERANCE SOCIETY The meeting of the open temperance society on last Saturday evening, at the hall of the Young Men's Christian Association, was more largely attended than at any time since the organization of the society Excellent addresses were made by Rev Dr Lindsley Mrs A J Dunniway and others A splendid recitation of two appropriate compositions was made by Miss Sonora Withersell, whose elocution by the [illegible] is seldom surpassed The usual [illegible] and vocal and instrumental music was furnished. The exercises were all well received by the large audience and great enthusiasm prevailed throughout the entire evening Upwards of forty persons signed the pledge It is expected that the meeting this evening will be of equal interest Exercises will commence promptly at half past seven and all are cordially invited

WORKINGMEN'S MEETING —Pursuant to the call of the president, Mr P J Dooling a meeting was held last evening over the Lumbermen's Guard Armory, corner First and Stark streets Owing to the fact that the meeting was called late, and Dr Brenan lectured at Good Templar Hall, the attendance was somewhat limited It was resolved to organize the meeting into a permanent club to be known and designated as the Workingmen's Club of Portland A constitution and by laws were adopted Among other business transacted, it was determined that the club would have nothing whatever to do with politics its object and purpose being to promote the interests of the workingmen to supplant the Chinese and to [illegible] A meeting will be held next evening at 7 30 o'clock when an election of permanent officers will be held

FROM ROCK CREEK —A gentleman writing from the above point, Wasco county under date of January 23 sends the following [illegible] have been living on Rock creek six years and this winter so far has been the first that I have ever experienced in this country We have had three inches of snow here at one time which only lasted a few days We have had [illegible] weather this winter and stock of all kinds look well Cattle are being driven in [illegible] a little but [illegible] of the country There will be several hundred head of cattle driven [illegible] of the country [illegible] They were driven to Nevada and other parts [illegible] date we have lost a ... [illegible]

DR J BRENAN'S LECTURE —[illegible] Hall was jammed to overflowing [illegible] on the occasion of the lecture announced [illegible] by Dr Jas M Brenan His subject was "The Plan of Salvation" The lecturer handled his [illegible] in a masterly manner, and [illegible] with attention [illegible] heartily applauded [illegible] exceptions were taken even [illegible] Dr. Brenan will lecture on the next Wednesday evening on "Healthful Influences"

COMMITTEE MEETING [illegible] meeting of the [illegible] Sand, Jr, committee [illegible] and report [illegible] donation to the [illegible] of ladies [illegible] and [illegible] ment of the [illegible]

RECEIVER APPOINTED [illegible] tors and mortgagees of the [illegible] Western Union [illegible] in this city last [illegible] During the day dispatches were [illegible] good day's work

[illegible] The sinking of the recent marine disaster at the mouth of the Columbia river the [illegible]

An investigation into the loss of the American ship [illegible] has shown most conclusively that [illegible] The case shows the state of [illegible] that were experienced in [illegible] The sad [illegible] [illegible] with many [illegible]

[illegible] Henry [illegible] infantry enlisted [illegible] recently [illegible] new allotment [illegible] Fort Hall [illegible] Portland [illegible] Sept 1st [illegible]

ASSESSMENTS An application of 200 freeholders [illegible] the board of trustees of East Portland to establish an [illegible] at the intersection of Everett street [illegible] The necessary signatures [illegible] to the petition [illegible] will be [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] will be a great public convenience

THE WEEKLY —No one can hardly afford to do without the WEEKLY OREGONIAN It is a complete and yet concise compendium of news It contains every description of news—telegrams from all parts of the world editorials, [illegible] many commercial statements [illegible] local intelligence The present number is an excellent one To be sold at the counter 10 cents a copy

THE MARINE SCOTT —The vessel [illegible] which went on the sands near Tongue Point a few days ago left this port drawing 18 feet and 2 inches Capt Kerr says he took [illegible] was seen crossing the different bars and on none of them did he find less than 19 feet The grounding of the vessel was not the result of want of water in the channel but because she got out of it

STEAMER ARRIVED A dispatch received last evening from Astoria states that the steamer *Geo W Elder* arrived there at 6 P M from San Francisco and that she would sail for this port at 6 A M to day She may be expected to arrive here early in the afternoon

LIST OF LETTERS The following letters remain unclaimed for at Wells Fargo & Co's express office Wm H Brown Robt Crane Mrs J F Delay Wm [illegible] Henry J H Hart Dr G L Nottage E G Thomas

GONE TO SEA —From a telegram received here last evening from Astoria it is learned that the steamer *Idaho* which left this port for San Francisco yesterday had crossed the bar in safety and passed to sea.

SPECIAL CHURCH NOTICES

Divine services at Hall street M E church each Sabbath at 11 A M and 7 30 P M by Rev Rogers pastor Sunday school at 2 P M

Unitarian church Services at 11 A M and 7 30 P M in the evening discourse Rev Mr Eliot will review Swedenborg's doctrine of the Future Life and the recent publications of Gregg

The first Swedish Evangelical Reformed congregation in charge of Rev P Pantenbelin will hold divine service next Sunday at 10 30 A M and 7 30 P M at the new church corner of Ninth and Stark streets

First Baptist church corner of Fourth and Alder streets, Rev A Sutherland pastor Preaching 11 A M and 7 30 P M Sunday school at 12 M Sunday evening prayer meeting at 6 30 Thursday evening prayer meeting at 7 30 A cordial welcome to all

Services to morrow evening and evening at the usual hours conducted by the pastor C V Anthony in the Taylor street M E church Sunday school at 2 P M Preaching service at 3 30 P M Prayer meeting Thursday evening A cordial welcome to all

Public worship in the Presbyterian church to morrow morning and evening conducted by the pastor Rev Dr Landsborough Subject in the morning [illegible] Strangers and others are invited to worship with this congregation

Rev J Mathews of Forest Grove [illegible] reports prosperity [illegible] have just purchased a debt of $200 on which [illegible] against the property of [illegible] also improved the church in front

Joe Compodi writes from East Portland At the last [illegible] during the week of prayer he came very near [illegible] Rev Mr Fosdick continued the services every evening since with increasing interest and increasing evidence of Divine blessings upon those who attend

A WRECK A SIMILE

[illegible]

FROM THE EVENING BULLETIN

We have a wreck [illegible] on this morning, and it happened in this way A German student [illegible] the comfort of the household of evenings for nearly ten years went on a [illegible] last night and has made trouble in the family [illegible] unknown cause when first lighted last evening it seemed sullen as I could be turned up Muttering of dissatisfaction were heard, and in carrying it across the kitchen the waste can caught fire [illegible] before [illegible] (as he had before) and began to blaze It could not be blown out in the house, for the blaze [illegible] the sullen thing burned We carried it out doors in the rain and after smelling and fuming itself was [illegible] [illegible] cultivated and there it stood this morning in the kitchen full of [illegible] smoke begrimed damaged things just like [illegible] after the labor strike of last year and just like San Francisco and Portland also will be if the [illegible] carry out their [illegible] [illegible] longer

[illegible]

AGAIN IT IS THIS

[illegible] upon the [illegible] And with a fragile reed [illegible] upon the sand Agnes Lee [illegible]

[illegible] To mail [illegible] to [illegible] by and by to float out [illegible] But [illegible] [illegible] Shall read [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] But with [illegible] [illegible] From Norway's frozen shore [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Into the center of Vesuvius [illegible] And up on the high and burnished [illegible] Write— [illegible] [illegible] And [illegible] [illegible] Dig a [illegible]

[illegible] It seems to be the [illegible] [illegible] wives to look well when [illegible] Neuralgia [illegible] [illegible] The mind was [illegible] [illegible] to [illegible] [illegible] Pierce's Favorite Prescription [illegible] [illegible] the system, and [illegible] [illegible] to tell it in plain words [illegible] [illegible] flower with [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, JAN. 26, 1878.

DECISION IN THE U. S. DISTRICT COURT, BY JUDGE DEADY.

United States District Court, District of Oregon.

Friday, January 25, 1878.

The United States v. Levi W. Nelson. Information for violation of § 2461 of the R. S.

1) *Timber on Public Lands.* The enactment of a pre-emption, homestead and mining law by congress has modified the operation of the act of March 2 1831, § 2461 R. S., prohibiting *absolutely* the cutting or removal of timber on the public lands, so that persons occupying portions of said lands under such laws may, before becoming the owners thereof, cut and use the timber thereon so far as the same may be necessary to accomplish the purpose for which the lands are occupied. 2) *Mining ground.* A person occupying a portion of the public land as mining ground under the mining law of the United States is not bound to purchase the same in a body, but may, on the base of such license to work the ground to take portions thereof, and has no right to cut or use any timber growing thereon except so far as the same may be necessary to enable him to mine conveniently.

Statement. The defendant occupied portions of public land as mining ground and cut timber from it in the mining operations of his own benefit, assigning as a reason therefor that by cutting the timber in advance of the mining operations the stumps would be more easily and more easily removed: *Held* that this cutting was not necessary to the mining operation and therefore unlawful.

—9

DEADY, J.

On November 24, 1877, an information was filed in this court by the district attorney against Levi W. Nelson, charging him with cutting and removing from the lands of the United States—to-wit, a certain described portion of township 9 south, range, 29 east, in the district of Oregon—500 pine trees, of the value of $125, for his own private advantage and profit, contrary to § 2461 of the R. S.

The defendant pleaded "not guilty;" and the case was submitted to the court for judgment upon an agreed case, which it was stipulated and agreed should be deemed and taken as a special verdict.

The special verdict substantially finds (1) That between January 1, 1875, and November 1, 1877, the defendant cut and removed timber as alleged, but that there were only 150 of the trees of the value of 25 cents each; (2) That in 1870 the defendant took up and claimed the premises, containing about 70 acres, for the purpose of placer mining, and in August, 1872, caused the same to be duly surveyed and platted as a placer mining claim; (3) That in 1873 the defendant made due proof of the performance of the conditions necessary to entitle him to a patent from the United States for the premises, except the payment of the price fixed by law therefor, which has never been paid, and that said premises are not within any organized mining district; (4). That said premises are "placer mining ground;" and it is necessary to successfully mine the same to remove the trees standing thereon, and "that it is better for the purpose of such mining that the timber be removed so far in advance of the work as to give opportunity for stumps to be sawed so more easily disposed of;" (5). That between 1870 and 1877 the defendant for the purpose of working the premises as a mining claim constructed buildings, flumes and ditches thereon of the value of $2,500; and has worked said ground continuously during the mining season of each year by employing from 15 to 20 miners during such period; (6). That it is the business of the defendant to work such mining ground during the mining season and he expects to continue the same permanently; (7). That about one-third of an acre of said ground is worked over each year, and that said 150 trees were taken from about 4 acres of the same.

Neither the information nor the special verdict state according to what meridian this township containing the locus is 9 south and 30 east. But as there is but one meridian in this judicial district—the Willamette—it must be construed as referring to that. This locates the premises in Baker county, Oregon.

Section 2,461 *supra*, upon which this information is founded is § 1 of the act of March 2, 1831. It prohibits *absolutely* the cutting or removal of any timber from the public lands for any purpose "other than the use of the navy of the United States" under a penalty of not less than three times the value of the timber and imprisonment not exceeding 12 months.

The pre-emption, homestead and mining laws of a subsequent date which confer the right of occupation of limited quantities of the public lands upon settlers and miners for agricultural and mining purposes, and with a view of enabling them to obtain patents therefor, are laws upon the same subject—*in pari materia* with the mother act of 1831, and must be construed with it. It is no to be supposed that congress authorized the occupation of the public lands by the laws aforesaid for the purposes of agriculture and mining without intending to so modify the operation of the timber act as to permit the occupants there under to cut and use the timber upon their respective claims so far as the same is necessary for the purpose for which they are occupied. By the enactment of these laws the timber act was so far repealed. Such has been the ruling of this court in giving instruction to juries in several unreported cases.

In The U. S. v. Thomas McEntee, (2) In Rev. Rec., 368,) the defendant was sued in the district court for Minnesota, to recover the value of timber cut by him on the public lands. The defendant justified the cutting upon the ground that he occupied the premises under the homestead act of 1862. The court—Nelson, J.—instructed the jury that—"Everything necessary for the cultivation of the land and manifesting an intention to make permanent occupancy and *bona fide* settlement, is legitimate and proper to be done. The land can be cleared and timber sold, if cut down for the purpose of cultivation; but if sale and traffic is the only reason for severing the timber, and it is not done with a view of improving the land, the intentions of the law-giver are subverted." The jury found a verdict for the U. S.

Section 2,319 of the R. S. (2 L of the act of May 10, 1872) declares that "all valuable mineral deposits in lands belonging to the United States, both surveyed and unsurveyed, are hereby declared to be free and open to *exploration and purchase* and the lands in which they are found to *occupation and purchase* by citizens of the United States," under certain regulations as to quantity and work thereon during the period between selection and purchase. Among the conditions upon the keeping of which this right of occupation rests is the performance of a stated amount of labor upon the premises annually. If the claim is a vein or lode the occupant may purchase the same upon proof of the performance of the conditions precedent by paying therefor at the rate of $5 per acre, or if, as in this case, it be a "placer," at the rate of $2 50 per acre (Title 32, Ch. 6 R. S.) It is manifest from the reading of the whole of this chapter of the R. S. that in contemplation of the law this right or privilege of exploration and occupation is only given as preliminary to a purchase; and the occupant may, if at any time it shall be ascertained that the location contains "*valuable* mineral deposits" he will proceed without unnecessary delay to obtain a patent from the United States therefor by making proof of the location and labor thereon and the payment of the purchase price therefor. But, as was held in Chapman v Toy Long (U. S. C. C., Or. Dis., 1876), there is no specific provision of the law requiring the occupant to purchase, and he may continue to hold the claim by occupation and labor so long as he desires and then abandon it.

The defendant in this case occupies the premises under this law and claims the right to cut and remove the timber thereon as incidental to and in aid of his mining upon the same. But he is not the owner of the land until he pays for it and obtains the United States patent. It is material to public lands. In the meantime the defendant is occupying it under a mere license or privilege, or easement which may be revoked at any time by the repeal of the act giving it.

The defendant, however, is not to be considered in default for not having paid for the land. His license is to be there and occupy and work it as a mining ground for the purpose mentioned, which carries with it the right to cut timber for that purpose while it remains unsold. He has a right to purchase it. But it is not to be the question with him—this is not to be the object of the occupation—as long as he is content to work it in part for the timber which he can thereby obtain. He has moved only as a necessary and convenient means of working the ground as a placer mine and not otherwise, the fact that he has occupied it under the act of 1872 for more than years, as land worth only as mineral deposit, without availing himself of his right to purchase it at the mere nominal price of $2 50 per acre cannot be considered if the land or the greater portion of it is of little or no value as mining ground but valuable for its timber, the defendant might occupy it for a few years until he had stripped the tract of its timber and worked out the few acres that really contained valuable deposits and then abandon it to the government.

In the region where this land is situated timber is very scarce and valuable. The location of 160 acres of timber land is mining ground, and by putting a few dollars worth of labor upon it annually as such it is enabled to dispose of the timber upon it to the amount of from 500 to 1,000 an acre, is very good, and for the defendant's construction of the law to obtain there is nothing to prevent the location of any 160 acres of timber land in the state, and may have become a law to obtain to the violation of the law with the apparent consent of the government, that he regarded it as of no effect.

Since the settlement of this coast the law has been enforced by its and courts—most of ently against the "small fry." The executive departments, in case of the large operations at least, has usually nullified the action of the courts by arbitrary pardons or ignored the law by compromising in advance with the trespassers in consideration of a small pecuniary compensation, called "stumpage." In 1861, a party who had openly taken hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of logs rare and most valuable cedar timber from the public lands near Port Orford and manufactured and sold the same in the San Francisco market, was found guilty in this court of violating the statute and fined the comparatively small sum of $18,700—the smallest fine the law allowed. Shortly after, the executive department without consulting the district attorney or giving any information concerning the merits of the case, by the *ex parte* and interested statements of the defendant, granted him a full and unconditional pardon.

Under these circumstances I do not deem it expedient to punish the defendant further than the law requires. The government by its indifference and neglect to enforce the law has encouraged its violation.

The defendant will be sentenced to pay a fine equal to triple the value of the timber cut and removed—$75.

Rufus Mallory for the United States.

L. O. Stearns for the defendant.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

List of letters remaining in the postoffice at Portland, county of Multnomah, Oregon, Jan. 25, 1878. Persons calling for these letters must give the date on which they are advertised.

Ladies' List.

Abraham, Mrs J T
Abbey, Mrs Leonia
Boy ooh, Mrs Mary
Borsh, Eva
Brown, Fannie E
Edmonds, Mrs Jennie
Clarke, Mrs Jennie F
Cummer, Mrs Mary A
Campbell, Mrs M M
Collins, Mrs John
Connell, Mary
Dell, Mrs Wm
Fox, Mrs Josephine
Fairbern, Mrs Wm C
Frister, Mrs Caroline M
Hall, Ella
Harris, Emma
Hinson, Annie I
Hudson, Jeanette
Holmes, Vena
Johnson, Mrs Lydia
Kyle, Miss M A
Kelly, Mrs A H
Larkin, Mrs A E
Maddock, Ella
McKinney, Ellen
Quinn, Mrs Alice
Reynolds, Mrs
Stringham, Miss J
Smith, Mrs Ann
Sullivan, Mary
Turner, Nellie C
White, Mrs Catherine

Gentlemens' List.

Alpheus, J H
Allen, Henry
Ainsworth, H
Andrus, J F
Angell, John
Archer, Mr
Arnel, E M
Atlantic
Austin, Singleton
Wagon Co
Black, D W
Bunne, T J
Barry, James C
Bennemeyer, S
Beattie, Thos
Bray, James
Beck, Adolf
Bell, H J K
Benson, E M
Bindley, Joseph
Bell, Jno
Brady, Joseph
Bell, Jno
Brower, L L
Burns, James B
Campbell, J M
Carlson, John
Cockerel, J
Cornell, W P
Colley, Jas J
Coster, E E
Condrey, Wm J
Convey, S A
Corbet, G H
Creighton, John
Crogg, E A
Clark, S A
Champman, S
Champman, J F
Curtis, C F
Deming, J H
Deguire, Basil
Davis, W P
Dowsling, W W
Dodson, Chas
Doherty, Hugh
Driskell, W E
Evans, H
Eisele, F J
Ellis, Joseph
Fletcher, Rold
Forsyth, H
Frazer & McKay
Gleason, John
Gardner, B L
Garvey, C P
Gerrin, F M
Gillett, Wm
G Dell, Fedix
Good, J F
Gardner, A H
Gregory, Martin
Gramner, A
Griffiths, D C
Green, W D
Grant, Chas
Hall, J W
Hedley, Wm E
Hall, John
Hockell, E J
Holtzmuller, H
Horch, Ch
Hughes, Albert
Hall, Jno
Hughes, Albert
Hall, Jno
Harvey, Amos
Hubbard, S H
Hardley, L H
Hunkins, W H
Holl, L P
Hall, A F
Judkins, Rev S
Ireland, Geo
Jarvis, Henry L
Jackson, W A
Kuckuck, L
Kearney, Thos
Kelly, John
Kramner, Wm
Lamont, Jas
Lamport, Theo
Larkin, J
Wm
Lemon, S W
Lewis, LaPay
Lowe, Chas E
Leonard, Frank
Lee, Mr
Lizer, David
Lockwood, Edwin
Mackay, E A
Matthews, A H
Mercer, J K
Mears, R J
Miller, Geo
Miller, Frank
Mc Kay, S J
Mc Ilroy, G D
Cummber, Mrs Mary A
Mc Kinney, Jno
Collins, Mrs John
Mc Mahon, J P
Mc Gowan, A J
Mc Lean, Jno
Mc Graw, J Jr
Nesseck, Jos
Osburn, Silas
Olds, G H
Paul, John
Pearce, Wm H
Peters, Amos S
Peters, A M
Pierce, Chas W
Pow-Hee
Quesnel, J H
Reed, L C
Reid, Willard
Ronnie, Chas J
Reed, Rob
Reed, Capital
Reynolds, Wm
Reilly, Jno R
Riley, Tom
Robinson, D
Sk-in-in, J C
Spinks, L A
Sweeney, C
Saunders, W A
Saunier, Ferd
Sinclair, J C
Samwells, Prof T
Simmons, Jos S
Sol on, Geo
Schroeder, O
Shepard, C
Shannon, Phillip
Sharp, J E
Smith, Wm T
Studley, Paul
Stephenson, J W
Strong, S C
Stewart, Jas E
Tempest, W
Terry, Joseph
Tempest, J F
Toohey, Jas
Townsend, A C
Tucker, Cor
Taylor, R G
Treacle, E
Trong, Wm
Thompson, A E
Thompson, T
Thurn, Jos C
Thompson, Colin
Unrath, Chas
Vandike, R A
Voigt, Wm
Vos, C
Vogel, John
Wagenblast, J
Wagenblast, W
Wegner, F
Wagner, R
Weber, Thos
Winship, J
Wilson, Frank
Weatherford, C L
Wilson, H R
Watts, S
Watson, H
Wilson, Wm
Wolfe, Geo M
Walker, W G
Walker, R H
Walker, W J
Wilson, Ed
Will-on, Louis
Williams, T
Williams, Fred
Yost, Johann
Young, Geo

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lectures to ladies only for years and is perfectly familiar with all female complaints, and understands their delicate and refined organization, as well as the proper remedies which should be used to safely and thoroughly effect a cure. Send for a perfect health.

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[illegible] studied in the best Medical Schools in Europe and three years in the different Medical Colleges at Philadelphia, is more than one of the Medical men of the Medical Faculty in this State can claim.

CAUTION.

Persons coming to Portland, regarding medical treatment call at the proper office, and before [illegible] with me, will please be aware of persons who [illegible] the town there and try to other specialties [illegible] through pretended medicine for the past week took out Orthan Directory and [illegible] to Dr. Brenan, the Medical Specialist, and post his name in the door. Beware of [illegible] Block, as [illegible] others [illegible]

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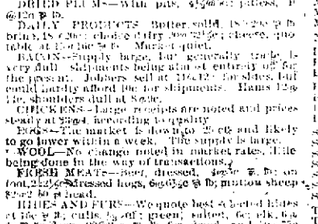
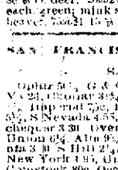
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.



45 First Street, Portland, Oregon.



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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamship Idaho for San Francisco will be dispatched from this port on Monday next, at 4 o'clock P. M., as per notice in another column.

The steamer Ocklahama will leave the usual place for Corvallis and way landings on Monday morning at 7 o'clock.

Two steamers operated on the Sacramento River were purchased for the Central Pacific.

The steamer Gen. W. H. L. Barnes ran from San Francisco to Red Bluff and return on the 20th inst., a distance of 276 miles, in 24 hours.

The steamer Ajax will leave the usual wharf, foot of Taylor street, at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, for Astoria and way ports.

English Crops and Markets.

London, Jan. 5.—A leading grain circular says during the first ten days of the week the weather was favorable, with much activity in sales from the country. In consequence of the mild seasonal prices, yesterday, in Parliament, the earnest opinion with active inquiry for wheat and maize continued, advancing 1d per bushel, some business being done at full before market hours. At the market there was an extensive business in wheat, white and red advancing 2d all one penny per cental on Tuesday's prices, with fresh arrivals being good demanded, and prices. Each amount of corn was taken and rather more paid for dry new mixed. Oat was unaltered.

Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, Jan. 5.—Breadstuffs opened with a fair demand and prices unchanged for wheat. Wheat [illegible] 12 9d for average California white; 12s 10d [illegible] 3d for club; 10s [illegible] 6d for red western spring; 12s [illegible] 9d for red winter.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—Transactions light, with quotations nominally given at $2 40 per cental.

FLOUR—The market is fairly steadied and large lots are placed at about $6 75@7 00 for standard brands of extra, $6 50 for country, and $5@5 50 for superfine and inferior grades.

OATS—Receipts are tolerably well kept up, and prices have receded to 50@55c per bushel for prime to choice, and a range down to 45c for less desirable lots.

BARLEY—Market quiet; quotable $1 @1 05 per 100 pounds as to quality. Exports very light.

MILL FEED—There is a fair local trade and prices are steady at $22 50@23 per ton for mill flings, $30@32 00 for chop, and $20 for bran.

HAY—Very full receipts are noted with dealers paying $12 per ton for best timothy baled, and loose selling from wagons at $10@11.

POTATOES—The market is quiet at 75c per bushel, with a fair demand for choice varieties.

ONIONS—In fair request only at $1 @1 25 per 100 pounds.

EGGS—The supply is ample and the market weak at 10@12½ cents $ lb.

DRIED APPLES—Very dull sale, quotable at 1 @2½c for sun-dried.

EVAPORATED APPLES—There is a fair demand for choice varieties for shipment at 9@9½ per lb. Prime to Fancy 9@9½c.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Better sold in casks at 15@20c; choice dairy 20@25c; cheese, 9@10c; table at 12@15c.

BACON—Supply large, but generally unsalable; very dull. Shipments being also out entirely off for the season. Jobbers sell at 12½@13c for sides, but could hardly afford that rate for shipments. Hams 12@13c; shoulders dull at 8@9c.

CHICKENS—Large receipts are noted and prices steady at $3@4 according to quality.

EGGS—The market is dull and likely to go lower within a week. The supply is large.

WOOL—No change noted in market rates. Little being done in the way of transactions.

HIDES, MEATS—Steer, dressed, [illegible] per lb; do on foot, 2½@3c; dressed hogs, 6@6½c lb; mutton sheep, 3@3½c per head.

HIDES AND FURS—We quote best salted hides at 6 to 8 cents; culls, dry and green, salted, 6c; kips, 8c; Kip deer, 30@40c lb for dried; and 10c for each green; mink skins, short each better, $1 each; beaver, $3@3 50 lb.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCK REPORT.

San Francisco, January 25.

Ophir 5½, G & C 8¾, Colo 2¾, Savage 10½, Con Va 23, Chollar 30½, H & N 9¾, Hucker 9¾, Point Lincoln 7½, Scorpion 5½, Alpha 11, Belcher 5½, S Nevada 4 85, Utah 13¾, Bullion 4 70, Exchequer 2 30, Imperial 3, Justice 10, Jacket 10, Union 6¾, Alta 9¾, Julia 1 25, Atlantic 5, Caledonia 3 30, S Hill 2¼, Rockland 10½, Challenge 19, New York 1 95, Union 6¾, Potosi 6¾, South Eureka 9½, Overman 8½, Belcher Con 10, Seg Belcher 3 30, Mexican 14, Kossuth 2½, Andes 85, Con Virginia 45, W Point 10c, Ward 25, Lyndeman 20, M Star 85, Pride 65, Monumental 10, Benton 1 90, Stanislaus 5, Sun 40, Sil Queen 40, Sil Cloud 25.

MINING BOARD—Valley 50c, Eu Exc, Apollo, Eldo South 85c, Belmont 60c, Leopard 80c, Bullion 10c, Panther 50c, Hasser 40c, Thomas 30c, Gilmore, Dexter, Ariadne 25c, Sacramento 30c, Excelsior 70c, Independence 60c, Horace 70c, Belle Isle 1c, M Wike 7, Pleiades 1½, Bodie 1½, Leeds 2½, Silver Prince 50c, Day 1½, Prize 1½, Meeker 20c, Edison 1, Leeds 2 20, Sun 30, Sun Top 70c, California 27, Overman 18½, Point 5½, Alta 9, Belcher 5½, Orbir 50½, New Osc 50c, Con Va 23½, G & C 8¾, Union 6½, Sier 4, B & B 18½, Savage 10½, Hale & N 9¾, New York 2, Imperial 3, Chollar 30½, Mexican 14, California 2½, Chollar 31, Justice 10, Jacket 9½, H & N 9¾, S Hill 2 80, Alpha 11.

MARKETS.

A. H. JOHNSON,

Stalls 26, 27 and 28 Central Market.

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh Meats.

PACKER OF BEEF AND PORK.

Highest Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock

Financial.

FRIDAY EVENING, Jan. 25, 1878

Sterling New York, 109¾.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying 95½, selling 96½.

Silver Coin—1½ per cent. discount.

Imports and Exports.

From the very complete and carefully prepared tables published in the annual number of the *Commercial Reporter*, issued this date, we have compiled some statistics of the business of the state during the year 1877. The tables shows the following imports: 4,183 bales bags and bagging, 12,685 boxes candles, 11,272 cases canned goods, 4,097 tons, 100 casks and 937 sacks coal, 263 cs and 11,430 sacks coffee, 5,191 coils cordage, 1,662 cases cigars, 2,837 pkgs crockery and glassware, 19,358 cases coal oil 8,153 cases and pkgs drugs and chemicals, 9 730 cs and 5,232 pkgs dry goods, 7,291 cs hats, 879 cs codfish, 2,31 kits and 181 bl bbls mackerel, 1,710 kgs fruits, 2 320 bxs, 916 bf bxs and 1,475 qr bxs raisins, 1,732 pkgs nuts, 494 cs and 1,261 kgs powder, 7,620 bxs glass, 10,650 pkgs hardware, 1,578 pieces and 1,902 bdls sheetiron, 16,758 bars iron, 113 tons pig iron, 1,187 cs and 73 pkgs ale, 445 cases and 71 pkgs porter, 746 cs and 919 pkgs unspecified liquors, 42,025 bxs and 8,797 pkgs tin, 2,705 pgs lead, 814 bars and 1,129 bdls steel, 25,355 kegs nails, 255 cs rosin, 1,121 cs turpentine, 847 bls oatmeal, 3,613 cs and 295 bbls oils, 2,484 cs, 1,320 kgs and 286 casks, paints, 3,957 packets and 69,994 mats rice, 1,797 casks, 9,830 kegs, 691 bf bbls and 1,087 bbls syrup and molasses, 750 cs and 472 pkgs brandy, 867 cs and 5,019 pkgs whisky, 3,353 cs and 1,476 other liquors, 2,356 cs tobacco, 1,226 cs and 402 pkgs spices, 10,350,101 lbs and 316 barrels salt, 911 cs sauces, 6,286 boxes soda and saleratus, 28,446 boxes soap, 7,398 bbls, 19,849 half bbls, 1,995 boxes and 3,444,760 lbs sugar, 69,975 boxes tea, 2,101 cs and 1,155 pkgs wines and 7,787 pkgs and 13,610 boxes tobacco.

The value of all exports from the Columbia river for the past year compared with 1876 is as follows:

	1876.	1877.
Wheat	$8,231,653	$5,784,700
Flour	1,015,431	2,425,500
Salmon, canned and pickled	2,215,000	2,160,000
Meats, canned and pickled	750,000	1,250,000
Wool	800,000	1,000,000
Lumber, etc	500,000	310,000
Gold and silver	1,500,000	1,191,997
Other products	1,800,000	1,120,000
Total	$16,215,084	$16,186,197

This is a most gratifying increase of four and a quarter millions increase in one year by a state that contains a population of but 150,000 inhabitants. Reliable estimates of about 1,000 industrials is without a parallel. Although this has very large increase will not be out for the year 1878 our exports will show still better. This will be brought about by new industries opened up and a very marked increase in the quantity of all products and also new mines—gold, silver, coal developed.

Wheat Market, Stocks, Etc.

The local wheat market is very dull and the tendency of prices downward, the quotations are almost entirely nominal, a reversal of trade at present would develop lower rates than have hitherto paid. Sales are reported shortly pursued for the vessels in sight. One of 40,000 centals is reported to have been made at 9s 6d, the lowest price for this season, and for upward sales it is quite difficult to conclude, the chances in favor of present to the earliest moment chosen for consummation, as the Produce Exchange is organized for the purpose of [illegible] and [illegible] to [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]